

Energy Density

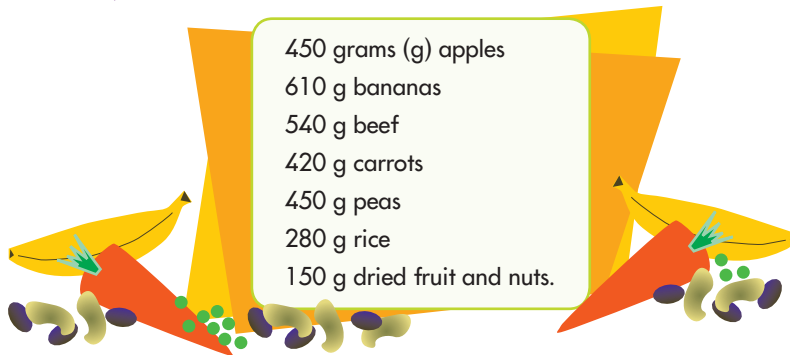
You need

- ★ the water content and energy density table (see copymaster)
- ★ a calculator (optional)
- ★ access to the Internet or other sources of information on the energy values of food
- ★ scales
- ★ an oven or a dehydrator
- ★ food items
- ★ a classmate

Activity One

Henry and two friends are planning a tramp. They need enough food for 3 days plus extra in case of emergencies.

1. Henry has worked out his food for 1 day:



- 450 grams (g) apples
- 610 g bananas
- 540 g beef
- 420 g carrots
- 450 g peas
- 280 g rice
- 150 g dried fruit and nuts.

He needs 11 000 kilojoules (kJ) per day to meet his energy needs while tramping.

- a. Will Henry's food give him enough energy? (Hint: Use the information in the water content and energy density table. You will need to fill in column D, which is column B × column C.
 - b. Which food will give him the most energy?
2. If Henry ate the same menu every day, how many kilograms of food would he have to carry for a 3-day tramp?
 3. Do foods have more or less energy per gram if they are dehydrated? Discuss with a classmate.
 4. Henry decides to take only dehydrated food.
 - a. On your copy of the table below, complete columns F and G.



Water Content and Energy Density

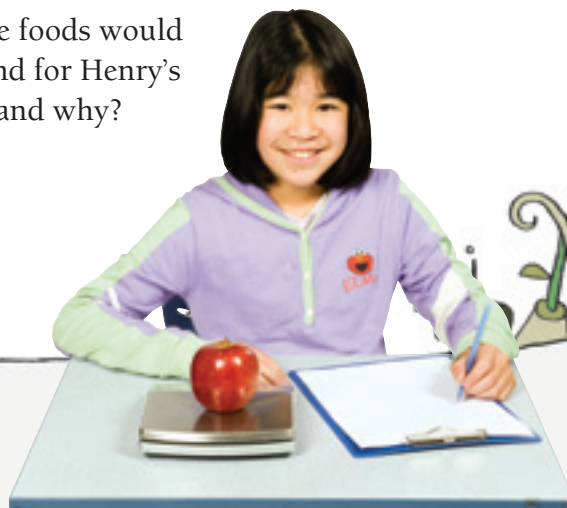
A	B	C	D	E	F	G	H
Food	Original mass (g)	Energy density (kJ/g, dehydrated)	Energy (kJ)	Normal water content (% by mass)	Dry mass (g)	Mass saved (g)	Energy density (kJ/g, dehydrated)
Apples	450	1.5		85			

- b. By taking only dehydrated food, how many kilograms will Henry save himself carrying?

5.
 - a. How many grams of beef does it take to make 300 g of dehydrated beef?
 - b. If 200 g of mandarin pieces weighs 24 g when dehydrated, what percentage of mandarin is water?
6.
 - a. Fill in column H of your table. Which food on Henry's menu has the lowest energy density when dehydrated?
 - b. Bananas have more kilojoules per gram than peas, so why are dried peas more energy-dense than banana chips?
 - c. Which three dehydrated foods on Henry's list are the most energy-dense?

Activity Two

1. With a classmate, decide on some food items to dehydrate at school. Predict which of these foods will contain the most water.
2.
 - a. Weigh your food items and record their masses.
 - b. Decide how you will determine the water content.
 - i. How will you calculate the percentage of water by mass?
 - ii. How will you know when all the water has gone?
3.
 - a. How accurate were your predictions about water content?
 - b. Which of these foods would you recommend for Henry's tramping trip and why?



Activity Three

Using the Internet or other sources of information on the energy value of foods, develop a menu that would meet your energy requirements for a 3-day tramp. Calculate the mass of your food. Discuss the suitability of your menu with a classmate.

Focus Calculating with proportions and percentages