

# Sums and Products

You need: a classmate

ACTIVITY

## Maths Words

A **sum** is found by adding two or more numbers together. (These numbers are called addends.)

$$\begin{array}{c} 4 + 2 = 6 \\ \swarrow \quad \searrow \quad \swarrow \\ \text{addends} \quad \text{sum} \end{array}$$

A **product** is the result of multiplying two or more numbers together. (These numbers are called factors.)

$$\begin{array}{c} 4 \times 2 = 8 \\ \swarrow \quad \searrow \quad \swarrow \\ \text{factors} \quad \text{product} \end{array}$$



Sonya's teacher gives her some problems to solve. He tells her that to solve each problem, she needs to find which two numbers make a given sum and product. Sonya tries to solve the first problem.

The sum is 8, and the product is 15:

$$\square + \square = 8 \quad \square \times \square = 15$$

She tries these numbers:

- 6 and 2:  $6 + 2 = 8$ , and  $6 \times 2 = 12$ , so 6 and 2 are wrong.
- 4 and 4:  $4 + 4 = 8$ , and  $4 \times 4 = 16$ , so 4 and 4 are wrong.
- 3 and 5:  $3 + 5 = 8$ , and  $3 \times 5 = 15$ . It works!

1. Find numbers that make these sums and products:

	Sum	Product
a.	5	4
b.	7	10
c.	7	12
d.	8	12
e.	10	16
f.	12	35

4 + 5 is a statement.  
4 and 5 are factors of 20.

2. For each part of this question, write two addition statements in which the addends are factors of the product given.

For each statement, give the sum and product equations.

a. 24

b. 30

c. Write a sum and product problem for a classmate to solve.

"Find my two numbers. Their sum is \_\_\_\_\_. Their product is \_\_\_\_\_."

3. Find two numbers whose sum is larger than their product.

